

Diamonds and Opals

The clear brilliancy of the Diamond and the light and shade of the Opal form an exquisite combination as seen in our ladies rings. We confine it to no particular style of ring. It appears to equal advantage in them all. See the "Two;" it is one Diamond and one Opal in the "Three-stone;" and "Five-stone;" it is alternate Diamond and Opal and in the "Cluster" it is one Opal surrounded by smaller Diamonds.

We have a large stock to select from.

The Jewellers,
Challoner, Mitchell & Co., 47 Government Street

SAUCE

Montserrat Lime-Fruit Juice Sauce,

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST.

Cases, 2 Doz. Pints, and 3 Doz. Half Pints.

HUDSON'S BAY COY

KLONDIKE OUTFITTING

WILSON BROTHERS
Wholesale Grocers

Have the largest and best selected Stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, ETC. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.

76 and 79, 80 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

TEA

In stock that will at all times prove pleasing to our customers is no small task. We have succeeded by thoroughly testing all brands offered and through careful blending have produced a Tea which surpasses in strength, in fragrance and flavor anything of the sort at the price. This is our famous New Season's Ceylon Tea absolutely pure and full flavored. Delightful, refreshing and invigorating.

E J Saunders & Co.
39-41 Johnson St., Victoria, B.C.

YORK COUNTY LOAN & SAVINGS CO.

Incorporated 1891.
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO
BRANCH OFFICE, 35 YATES ST.
Subscribed Capital \$3,000,000.00
Paid Up Capital, Dec. 30, '97, \$469,109.92

HUNTER & OLIVER, Solicitors
A. J. WRIGHT, Superintendent Branch Office, Victoria
E. W. DRAKE, Provisional Manager

Klondike Information Bureau.

W. WALLACE GRIME & CO.

Real Estate, Mining Shipping and Customs
Brokers, Commission and General Insurance
Agents, 54 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C.
Telephone 43

Open Day and Night. Telephone 420.

J. E. PAINTER
Wood cut to any required length by electric machinery.

Wood and Coal at Current Prices
TRUCK AND DRAY WORK DONE.
Office: 25 Cormorant street, Res: 17 Pine street, Victoria West, VICTORIA, B.C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

COWICHAN EXHIBITION EXCURSION TO DUNCANS

Leaving Victoria 9 a.m.
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1


Tickets good for return Sunday.
Fare for the round trip, including admission to exhibition grounds, \$1.50.
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Traffic Manager.

HIGH LIFE

CIGARETTES

Are, without doubt, in quality and price.....
The Very Best Made

At E. A. Morris'



MINERS' SUPPLIES

Headquarters for

SIMON LEISER & CO.

Victoria, B.C.

PLEBISCITE

Has passed and gone. The excitement is over and no hard feelings. We can now look around for something good to eat and drink and avoid "Eik Lake water on draught."

3 Tins Owl Brand Milk - 25c
Asparagus Tips per Tin - 25c
Tomatoe Catsup in Stone Jars 50c.
New Jams, 5-lb. Pails - 50c

Self-Rising Buckwheat and Aunt Jemima's Pancake Flour.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

\$500,000.00

TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY

And for building purposes
AT LOW INTEREST.

Pay off Old Loans at High Interest and SAVE MONEY.

D. H. Macdowall,
Commission Agent, Room 4, Williams Bldg
28 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

AGENT FOR
Enamelled Iron Signs.
Steel Rails, Beams, Brass Plates, Sheets, Etc.
draufic Power Transmission by Compressed Air.

STOCKS FOR SALE. ...W. JONES... AUCTIONEER.

Offers for sale, by private bargain, one of the choicest homesteads on the Island, containing 510 acres of land, with large well-kept orchard, profitable hotel, over 100 acres cultivated land, the whole well fenced; fronting on a fine sporting lake and the main trunk roads, six miles from the city; close to church, school and railway station. This is one of the biggest bargains ever offered investors. Price low; terms to suit. A fortune to right party.

SHORT NOTICE OF AUCTION SALE

At 62 Douglas St.
RALPH CHURTON
Will sell on Monday next at 2 p.m.
By order of a lady leaving the city, NEARLY NEW

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Comprising Antiques, Oak and other Bed-room Suites, Oak Rockers and other Chairs, Oak Occasional Table, Clipper, Wire and Wood Mattresses, Marble Top Table, Lounge, Handsome Hall and Parlor Hanging Lamps, Carpets, Indian and Coconut Matting, No. 8 Cook Stove, 2 Air-Tight Heaters, Chamberware, Crockery, etc. The auctioneer desires to call special attention to this sale.

PLATE GLASS INSURANCE

Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co. of New York. J. W. Mellor, agent, guarantees replacement within 24 hours.

PAINT YOUR BUGGY

With Mellor's Carriage Paint, 85c. Send for colors. Mellor's Bath Tub Enamel, 85c.; floor paint, \$1.50 a gallon. J. W. Mellor, Fort Street, Telephone 419.

OIL is the life of paint. English Blended oil is the best oil in the world. We import pure English linseed oil exclusively. J. W. Mellor, Fort Street (above Douglas).

SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS for 100 pounds potatoes; best cooking potatoes in town. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market, Telephone 419.

OUR ISLAND HAY cannot be beaten; all kinds of feed at lowest prices; truck and lumber wagon for sale, cheap. Hartman & Co.

Hotel Dawson

Strictly First-Class.
Rates from \$1. a day up.
Yates Street, opp. Fire Hall.
M. WHITE, Proprietress

BAD FOR PROHIBITION

Minister Blair Says Plebiscite Gave It a Black Eye—Quebec's Vote a Settle.

Chief Government Organ Intimates That Question Must Be Made Local One.

Sir Wilfrid's Government Certainly Will Not Introduce a Prohibition Bill.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Ottawa, Sept. 30.—"A black eye for prohibition," is Mr. Blair's summing up of yesterday's plebiscite. The Free Press says: "The adverse majority in the province of Quebec alone is such as would make it absolutely impossible for the government to force any federal law to compel the destruction of the liquor interests. As one gentleman in the councils of the land remarked, 'It would simply mean Quebec's withdrawal from confederation. The province has ever stood for the maintenance of individual rights. It was so when the land was stricken by the agitation on the Manitoba school question. It was so at an earlier day in the history of Canada, at the time of the rebellion, and it holds good to-day.' This is taken here to indicate the opinion of the secretary of state, the father of the Seot act."

Toronto, Sept. 30.—The Globe editorially discussing the plebiscite, after commenting on the changed attitude of Ontario from 1894, in the marked reduction of the majority for prohibition, and the strongly opposing sentiments of the Maritime Provinces on the one hand and of Quebec on the other, says: "The thought most obviously suggested by the figures is the localization of the question. With a majority of over 35,000 for prohibition in the Maritime Provinces, we have Quebec at the other extremity with about that number against it. It would be futile to shut our eyes to the difficulty that these two facts present. They constitute an almost irreconcilable situation. With respect to the size of the vote, the general opinion must be that it is satisfactory."

The Mail and Empire says at the close of a short editorial on the subject: "An

interesting feature of the returns is the attitude of the province of Quebec. The campaign there against prohibition bore fruit in the ballot box. On the whole it seems probable that over the whole country there will be a small prohibition majority. A great many people have imagined that this would mean the enactment of a law. This is a mistake. A majority of a million would enact nothing. The plebiscite was really an order upon the prohibitionists to show up or shut up, and we rather think the government will tell them to shut up."

One of the most interesting features of the vote was the different attitude of the cities of Ontario from that taken in the provincial plebiscite in 1894. Four years ago they gave a majority for prohibition of 8,246. Yesterday they gave a total majority against prohibition of 8,160. The following table shows the results of the two plebiscites for the cities of Ontario. In cases where the figures are not to hand the majority for or against is given, leaving the net result the same:

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W. T. HARDAKER

Auctioneer

Has the largest and best adapted Auction Rooms in Victoria, No. 77, 79 and 81 Douglas St. corner of Yates. Liberal advances made on consignments, furnished houses and stocks bought outright for spot cash.

AUCTION

MORTGAGEES' SALE OF CHOICE RESIDENCES AND LOTS

DALLAS ROAD - PANDORA AVENUE and HILLSIDE AVENUE
NORTH CHATHAM - SILVIA STS.

Tuesday, Oct. 4, 1898

AT 11 A.M.

I will sell in the Kirk Block, Douglas street, next to Johnson's book store, the following valuable properties:

The Beautiful Residence of C.E. Renouf situated on Dallas Road, on lots 5 and 6, and N. 1/2 of lot 2, block 22, Beckley farm, containing 9 rooms with all modern conveniences, furnace heater, radiators, large basement and laundry, stable and coach-house, greenhouse, man's house, and tastefully laid out garden with frontage on Dallas Road, Lewis street and Menzies street. Terms 1/3 cash and balance mortgage 3 years at 6 per cent.

The Brick Residence Known as "The Clements Property" situated on Pandora Avenue, opposite the Methodist church, on portion of lots 2 and 4, and the whole lot 3 of 5 here lot X., with double frontage of 100 feet on Pandora and Mason streets, and depth of 180 feet. Containing 12 rooms and very suitable for a boarding house. The house with 60 feet frontage will first be offered, and if not sold then the whole property. Terms 1/3 cash and balance mortgage 3 years at 7 per cent.

Lots 253, 255, Seaview, off Hillside Ave near residence of W. J. Smith, with comfortable 2-story, 3-roomed frame dwelling, productive and ornamental garden, planted in fruit trees and shrubs, commanding beautiful view of city and Straits of Juan. The city water is laid on. Terms 1/3 cash and balance mortgage 3 years at 6 per cent.

Lot 13, of 69, Fernwood Estate with 6-roomed frame cottage and large stable, known as 305 North Chatham street. Terms 1/3 cash and balance mortgage 3 years at 7 per cent.

Lot 4 Dallas Road, Lot 6 Silvia St., being subdivisions of blocks 7, 8 and 9, section 22, Beckley farm. Terms 1/3 cash and balance mortgage 3 years at 7 per cent.

Lots 26 and 27 of Sec. 20, Map 249, Vic. District—on Bee street, near the Jubilee Hospital. For further particulars and orders to view apply to **GEORGE BYRNES, Auctioneer.**

Mrs. WELCH—Spiritual business medium; psychometric readings of photos and minerals. Hotel Brunswick Parlors, 1-2 Reading, \$1.

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Canadian Reports Show No Change in General Position Except Evidence of Expansion.

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Rather less pronounced strength is noticeable in the price situation. Wheat, after quite a heavy bulge early in the week on undoubtedly good export demand, foreign buying and nervousness of September shorts, has quieted down slightly, and prices are a few cents lower on the week, the result mainly of increased deliveries by farmers taking advantage of the tempting premium existing for cash wheat. Sympathetic weakness in other cereals is likewise noticed. Pork products are lower. Cotton is weaker on continued heavy movement, and cotton goods, especially print cloths, are sympathetically affected. Crude rubber, after a long period of advances in price, is lower on the week. Refined sugar has weakened as a result of the approaching close of the cane season and the inauguration of the so-called sugar war.

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TRADE OF THE WEEK.

Notes from the Capital.

The American Thanksgiving Day—Several By-elections in October.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Ottawa, Sept. 30.—Thursday, November 24, will be proclaimed Thanksgiving Day.

A whole batch of by-elections take place the last week in October, including North Simcoe, Lambton and West Huron, in Ontario; Bagot, Levis and Montmagny, in Quebec; and Prince, P. E. I., which will be vacant upon Mr. Xeo's appointment to the Senate.

Be Not Deceived! A Cough, Hoarseness or Croup are not to be trifled with. A dose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure you much trouble. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

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(Jackson's Patent)

50 cents Each at

HARRY SALMON'S

Yates and Government Streets.

Send orders through mail if you can't call.

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Vancouver News-Advertiser.

The Colonist.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1898.

Published by
The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,Limited Liability,
27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.
W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

THE PLEBISCITE.

In 1895, the last year in which there was a revision of the voters' lists by the Dominion authorities, the number of persons entitled to vote was as follows:

Ontario	650,021
Quebec	351,076
Nova Scotia	111,137
New Brunswick	91,637
Manitoba	65,684
British Columbia	38,010
Prince Edward Island	25,245
Northwest Territories	20,878

Total for Canada 1,353,735

We suppose it would not be unreasonable to claim that the number of voters in 1898 is at least 1,500,000, allowing for the increase in population and for the fact that the provincial lists, which were used in the plebiscite probably contain more names than those made up under the late federal franchise act. We are not yet in possession of sufficiently full data to be able to compare the vote thrown on the occasion of the plebiscite with the actual voting strength of the country, but a sufficiently close approximation can be made for all practical purposes. We find by the returns received that Nova Scotia did not cast more than 30,000 votes all told, or which 24,530 were for prohibition. This is less than a quarter of the whole vote. New Brunswick's total vote will not be much more than 20,000, of which about 18,000 in round numbers were for prohibition, or less than one-fifth of the total vote of the province. Not more than 9,000 votes were cast in British Columbia, of which not to exceed 5,000 may be set down for prohibition at an outside figure. The returns from the other provinces are so incomplete that only a general estimate can be made, but at present there seems to be room for doubt whether one-fifth of the total electorate have pronounced for prohibition. At the same time it is to be remembered that at the elections for the House of Commons nothing like a full vote is ever polled. Probably not to exceed 900,000 votes were polled at the election of 1896, and a House of Commons is usually elected by about one-third of the whole electorate, that is assuming all the names on the lists to represent actual voters.

We find that Quebec and Ontario arrayed against prohibition and all the other provinces for it. The result in Quebec is what most careful observers expected. It is not to be taken as any indication as to the comparative sobriety of that province. The people of Quebec are probably less addicted to the use of intoxicants in excess than those of any of the other provinces. Total abstinence is rarer there than in other parts of the Dominion, but as a rule the people are temperate. The large vote against prohibition is to be taken as indicative of the fact that those to whom the people of Quebec are accustomed to look for guidance in matters of this nature were not prepared to recommend prohibition. In addition to this the large business interests involved in the manufacture and sale of spirituous and malt liquors were able to influence a very great number of voters. Left entirely to themselves the majority of the people of Quebec would not be willing to vote for prohibition, although if a prohibitory law were passed, no section of the population would offer less opposition to its enforcement.

The vote of Ontario is a surprise to both sides. Every one expected a large majority for prohibition in that province. In 1894 there was a majority of 80,000 for prohibition, and it was this very remarkable expression of public opinion which, more than anything else, led to the submission of the question in the form of a plebiscite. It is not very easy to account for the reduced majority in Ontario, which will have a tendency to set the people of that part of the Dominion to some very hard thinking. Hitherto it has been claimed of Ontario that it was the banner province in all manner of reforms, and the claim was made with a smug complacency that was not a little irritating. It will be interesting to see how the champions of the supreme virtue of Ontario will account for the fact that Toronto is against prohibition and a majority of the mining camps of British Columbia for it.

The vote of the Maritime Provinces surprised no one who was at all familiar with the sentiment of the people there. Let no one suppose that the residents of that part of the Dominion are or claim to be any more virtuous than other people. The strong total abstinence sentiment of the people is to be accounted for by the fact that for half a century all the more prominent leaders of public opinion have been total abstainers, and the present generation of voters have been educated in opposition to the drink traffic. Moreover, and the importance of this consideration must not be lost sight of, in no part of Canada has the Scott act been so generally put in operation as in the Maritime Provinces. In twenty-six electoral districts in the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island the Scott act is now and has for some years been in force. The inference to be drawn is that an experience of partial prohibition has strengthened the demand for an absolute prohibitory law.

The vote of Manitoba and the North West Territories is as it was expected to be and the only comment which it calls

for is that the experience of the Scott act in parts of Manitoba and of actual prohibition throughout the Northwest has had the same effect there as has just been noted in the extreme East. The result in British Columbia, though differing in some details from the forecast of the Colonist, amounted to the same thing. The opinion expressed by this paper that British Columbia would give a majority for prohibition was received with surprise all over the Dominion; but we gauged public opinion correctly.

There is another aspect on which the case must be considered, namely, from the standpoint of the several constituencies. Here is where the difficulty of the case comes in from the politician's point of view. While it is quite true, as we said yesterday, that the government has received no mandate from the people of Canada to introduce prohibitory legislation, it is also true that on the face of the returns the large majority of the members of the House of Commons have been instructed by their constituents to support prohibition. The vote is unfortunately a small one, but if the whole country can be counted upon to be divided in the same proportion, a prohibitory law would be sustained by a large majority of the members elected at a general election for the Commons.

With the exception of the cities of Halifax, St. John, Winnipeg and Vancouver, the important commercial and transportation cities have declared against prohibition. The great strength of the movement is taken to lie in the rural communities. Seeing the whole result, no one is much wiser for the plebiscite than he was before, and the country has paid out a quarter of a million dollars to learn nothing.

MR. MARTIN AT OTTAWA.

Our Ottawa correspondent learns that the Hon. Joseph Martin's alleged private business at Ottawa is to strengthen the hands of the provincial government and smooth the way for Lieutenant-Governor McInnes to escape from the very difficult position into which he has got himself. Colonist readers may remember that we suggested this last Saturday as the explanation of the Attorney-General's tour. A good many rumors are flying around as to what Mr. Martin wants Sir Wilfrid Laurier to do, and what Sir Wilfrid is willing to agree to, but at present everything is too shadowy to make it safe to give currency to anything. Of one thing we may feel confident, namely that Mr. Martin, having secured a "toehold" in British Columbia politics, proposes to hold on as long as he is able. There is very considerable doubt as to the place he assigns to Messrs. Semlin and Cotton in his political plans, but there is likewise a large element of the same commodity as to the place which those gentlemen assign to him in their prognostications of the future. There is very much less doubt as to what the House will do when it gets an opportunity of expressing itself upon the political merits of the aggregation of talent now holding the stage in the big stone house across the Bay. Mr. Martin himself freely expresses his fears as to what will then happen, and the Macedonian cry which he raises at Ottawa shows how very acute his fear is.

THE COMMISSION.

No doubt the Times thinks it has settled the Colonist forever by its article on the royal commission. But it simply begs the whole question. The Colonist was perfectly well aware of the existence of such a statute as that so freely quoted by the Times and what it complains of is the unconstitutional use of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by that statute. The case is precisely similar to that involved in the dismissal of the late ministry. The abstract power to dismiss is vested in the lieutenant-governor, but it must be exercised constitutionally. So the legislature has clothed the lieutenant-governor with the power to issue royal commissions of inquiry, but this power must be exercised in accordance with the well understood principles of the British constitution. The Times was not able to appreciate how a prerogative right could be exercised unconstitutionally, and so cannot be expected to understand how a statutory right can be so exercised. But it is to be hoped that the legislature will not be so dead to a sense of what is right and what is wrong.

So far as the present commission is concerned, our only wish is that, since such an inquiry has been begun, it will be carried to a conclusion, and that every man who knows anything about the subject under investigation will go before the Chief Justice and tell it. But this is not the point. British Columbia is either governed according to the British constitution or it is not. If it is, then the construction to be placed on the statute must be in harmony with that constitution. If it is not, we cannot learn the fact any too soon. To make the point clearer, we may add that this commission, in order to reach a conclusion, may have to inquire into what took place in the secret meetings of the cabinet. To permit this to be done would be in direct contravention of the oaths taken by every member of the executive council. We may further illustrate what we mean by saying that the language authorizing the lieutenant-governor to issue a royal commission requires a witness to answer all questions that shall be put to him touching the subject matter of the inquiry. But no one would claim that under such a provision a lawyer could be compelled to divulge the confidential communications of his client, or a witness be made to criminate himself, and the reason is that according to the British idea of law, the right of a lawyer to refuse to give up his client's

secrets, or of a witness to refuse to criminate himself, is always to be understood. It is as much a part of every statute as if it were expressly enacted on it. So with the principles of the constitution. They are ingrained, so to say, in the law of the land. Take a specific illustration: It nowhere appears in the statutes of British Columbia that the Crown cannot be divested of its prerogative rights, except by specific enactment. This is a principle of the British constitution, and because it is such a principle, the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council decided that the precious metals did not pass to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway company under the general words of description in the grant. This illustrates how constitutional principles govern the interpretation of statutes. When we add that the language of Mr. Gladstone, upon the strength of which Dr. Todd lays down that such an inquiry as Chief Justice McCall is now conducting is unconstitutional, was used in regard to the exercise by the Crown of Great Britain of just such powers as are conferred upon the lieutenant-governor by the statute quoted by the Times, it seems scarcely necessary to prolong the argument. We are not surprised that the Lieutenant-Governor has been led in this matter to usurp the functions of the legislature. He did the same thing when he dismissed Mr. Turner.

JAMES BAY CAR SERVICE.

It is plain to every one that the car service across the James Bay bridge must shortly cease. Only a few months remain during which, according to the engineer's report, it will be safe to use the bridge. The length of its life is measured in months by not much more than the number of its spans, and it can hardly be proposed to allow the public to use it up to the very "hour and article" of its death. Neither does it seem likely that any one will propose that the car service in the James Bay district should be suspended while the bridge is being reconstructed.

The time has come when arrangements should be made to carry the James Bay line from Government street out Humboldt to the unnamed street at the head of the tide flats, down this to Belleville and out Belleville to the present line at Birdcage walk. This change, which ought to be a permanent one, would inconvenience nobody and would make the service available to a considerable section of the city, which it does not touch at present. Very few people ever take a car at the corner of Humboldt street or at the Belleville street end of the bridge, at the reason being that there is no object in doing so, for when a person from the section around the head of James Bay has walked that far into town, he almost always walks the remainder of the distance. It is a rule in city car service that the more street intersections a car line crosses, the greater the traffic. The suggested change would add six intersections to those on the line to the cars. We hope this matter will not be any longer delayed.

Mr. Manley, of the Toronto World, who told the Colonist that he is "an out-and-out Liberal," expresses himself very strongly on the subject of the Yukon administration. He says that everyone knows that something is wrong, but no one cares to jeopardize his interests by making specific charges. We gather from what Mr. Manley and other gentlemen, familiar with the condition at Dawson, say, that the men, who have had to pay heavily for what they had a legal right to, feel that, having got what they wanted, it would be folly to make any disturbance, and thereby run the risk of incurring official resentment.

Our correspondent, "A Canadian," is doing well in discussing the principles of constitutional law involved in the events, which have recently transpired in this province. These principles are not very generally understood, but they ought to be, because upon their observance depends our whole system of government. Nothing tends to render people jealous of any encroachment upon their liberties so much as a knowledge of what those liberties are, and how they were secured.

Mr. Robert M. Fripp, in his letter, which we print this morning, gives some interesting personal references to Dr. Fripp, but we are at a loss to understand why he felt called upon to express any feeling in the matter. The paragraph to which he refers does not contain a word to which anyone can take exception.

The report from Ottawa to the effect that Mr. Sifton will be asked to seek another field for his industry, has some elements of probability about it. Mr. Sifton has not been a startling success as the head of his department.

An Ottawa despatch indicates that the government may jump from one extreme to the other in regard to the royalty on Yukon gold. We do not believe the entire abolition of the bounty can be justified.

The Northwest Territories have neither a lieutenant-governor nor an administrator, and yet they manage to get along pretty well. It is only in British Columbia that the Governor governs.

Col. Prior's action in regard to municipal politics has called forth a general expression of approval. We feel very hopeful that something will be accomplished.

Current Comment

A KNOCKOUT BLOW.

A Vancouver paper says this Yukon scandal is a body blow to the government. Meaning that it has been hit in its interior department.—Ottawa Citizen.

DESTITUTION ON THE TRAILS.

According to reports which have come down recently from the Cassiar district there is some reason to believe that a number of persons may be suffering hardships and privations along the trails in that region. The reports refer chiefly to those who attempted to make the journey from Ashcroft and Kamloops in preference to taking the sea route by way of this coast. It is somewhat extraordinary at the time that people should be found willing to add hundreds of miles to the land journey unnecessarily and spend several months longer on the trip than would have been requisite by the sea route. Unquestionably those who took up these interior routes as being feasible and preferable to the others have incurred a grave responsibility and been the cause of much suffering and privation to many who followed their advice. * * * There is enough known to cause much anxiety for the safety of those who are still attempting to make the journey and it is to be hoped that unless it is clearly shown that these reports are exaggerated the provincial government will devise some plan for sending relief without delay. The Dominion government should be willing to co-operate in this matter since all these unfortunate people were on their way to the Yukon and other points beyond the limits of this province. — Vancouver News-Advertiser.

RELIGION IN SCHOOLS.

The Anglican church will shortly make a move to have religious instruction introduced into the public schools throughout the various provinces. This was decided on at the recent meeting of the general synod held in Montreal from which Canon Pollard has just returned. Speaking of the matter Canon Pollard said that the general synod were a unit on this move and a very strong feeling prevailed that steps should be taken to have the government take action. For this purpose a committee from each diocese was appointed to wait on the provincial governments for the purpose of seeing what could be done in this most important matter. Mr. Pollard states that it is very important that the religious instructions should be introduced in the schools.—Ottawa Journal.

THE CROP OF SCANDALS.

The Montreal correspondent of the New York Sun writes: "The Liberal party, owing to the succession of scandals cropping up in connection with members of the cabinet, is in a shaky condition, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier is very anxious for something to issue from the conference that would give him a plausible pretext for a dissolution of parliament and insure his return to office. But it is far from certain that he would be returned. In Ontario, where his following is small, he has quite lost prestige, and in this province, that gave him his working majority, his popularity is fast vanishing. Ontario is very jealous of the premier being held by a Quebecer and a French-Canadian, and even if the party obtained a majority at the next elections, it is exceedingly doubtful that Sir Wilfrid Laurier would find himself in the first place in a new ministry. The general feeling among Liberals is that their leaders have been ruined by success, and that the only way for the party to recover its strength is to go back to opposition and allow the Tories to come back to power again. "Their boasted surplus has been faked by borrowing and leaving enough unpaid to make an apparent excess of income; but the trick is so crude that it imposes on none except the most ignorant among the electors, and no government organ ventures to dispute the analysis of the budget made by the opposition press. The country is ripe for a change, but it must get a strong lead from outside. The people are ready to take the side on which their interests lie, if the way is unmistakably pointed out to them. The governing leaders must follow or be left out in the cold."

MR. MULOCK'S SHUFFLE.

The people of Canada may thank Mr. Mulock that they can now send a letter to South Africa for two cents. That is the way they pay two cents. The taxpayers at large contribute the other three or five cents which the transportation costs. Mr. Mulock has not discovered any cheaper road across the ocean. He is not cutting down the cost of mail carriage except on the wagon routes through scattered settlements. The railway and steamship contracts go at the same old prices, except that some of them are higher. The whole change is a transfer of the outlay from the man who sends the letter to the other people in Canada.—St. John Sun.

Clear—Are you engaged to Douglas for good? (Douglas is a girl.) I don't think he'll ever be able to marry me—Life.

Ma, is there any pie left in the pantry?—Ma, there is one piece, but you can't have it.—Ma, I've had it.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Dr. A. W. CHASE

COMES TO THE AID OF

Catarrh Sufferers

SUCCESS in life is almost impossible for a man with bad breath. Nobody wants to do business with him. Nobody wants to associate with him. He is handicapped everywhere. Offensive breath comes from Catarrh: sometimes from Catarrh of the Stomach, sometimes of the lungs, sometimes of the head, nose, and throat. It is from Catarrh somewhere, and Catarrh is another name for uncleanness. Many men understand this and make every effort to cure it, but it is beyond the reach of ordinary practice.

No self-respecting man can ignore Catarrh. If he has in any form he makes constant effort to be rid of it.

There is something about the manner of life and the climate of Canada that seems to breed diseases of the mucous membrane. Medical science ordinarily doesn't try to cure Catarrh; it "relieves" it; but Dr. Chase has been curing Catarrh over thirty years, and his name is blessed by thousands who have shaken off the grasp of this insidious disease.

Sold by all dealers, price 25 cents per box, blower free.

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DISTILLERS COY, LIMITED.

Annual power of production
13,000,000 Gallons.Very Old Special
Special Liqueur.

GILLESPIE & CO., MONTREAL, Agents.

AGRICULTURE.

The majority of people doubtless believe that prunes for drying are picked from the trees, or, if ripe enough, shaken off, and it is probably a fact that most of the prunes dried are gathered in one of those ways. But one drier has a different method, says the Portland Oregonian. He has just completed a prune drier of the latest and most approved style, some eight or ten miles east of the city, on the Base Line road, at a cost of about \$2,000, and with a capacity of handling 400 bushels per day, and has already made arrangements for drying already made arrangements for drying 160 tons of fruit.

He says he does not want any prunes which have not fallen from the trees themselves and lain on the ground from two to three days. Such prunes, he says, are much sweeter and better when properly dried than the fruit picked before they were so dead ripe as to fall from the trees, but to persons not acquainted with the manner of drying it looks as if the ripe prunes would be bruised and injured by falling.

The price paid for prunes at the driers is \$10 per ton, which does not seem a very high price, but it is said that prunes can be raised cheaper than potatoes. One hundred pounds of fresh prunes make 30 pounds of dried prunes. There is a market for all the good dried prunes that can be produced at about 4½ cents per pound. Many prunes are not dried so as to secure the best results, and not all the driers are of the best kind.

The Oregon output of dried prunes, so far, is a mere trifle, compared with the output of California, but the Italian prunes of Oregon are far ahead in size and quality of the French prunes of California, and when properly prepared and packed command a better price.

PESTS ARE AFTER THE ROSES.

State Horticultural Commissioner Baker has received from near Olympia a specimen of rose bush literally white-washed by rose scale, female and male, in all stages and ages of life, says the Tacoma Ledger. This is the first specimen of the kind that has come to the attention of the commissioner in the state and he says that heroic measures should be taken by the gardeners of the state to exterminate the pest, because, he says, should it once become established here, it may do indefinite damage to one of the most beautiful and prized shrubs of Washington. He recommends whaleoil and kerosene for their extermination.

A COLEMAN CITIZEN

Discovers the Marvellous Power of
Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mr. Joseph Taylor, Car Inspector, Tells His Story—Kidney Disease Tortured Him For Twelve Months—Then Dodd's Kidney Pills Were Tried and Cured Him.

Coleman, Ont., Sept. 30.—Few residents of this place are as widely known or more widely respected than is Mr. Joseph Taylor, resident at No. 16 Luttrell avenue. Mr. Taylor is a car inspector, in the service of the G. T. R., and his duties oblige him to be out in all kinds of weather.

The nature of his work, and the exposure consequent upon it, resulted in a very severe attack of kidney disease. This distressing and painful complaint was not easily got rid of. For 12 months Mr. Taylor suffered intensely from it. He was forced to quit work, and the medical treatment he received did him not the slightest good.

He was in a very serious condition. Health and life were at stake, and both depended on his being able to find a medicine that would restore his kidneys to strength and vigor. Let Mr. Taylor take up the story at this stage. He says: "A friend told me of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and said they would cure me. I gave them a trial and found his words to be true. One box gave me great relief; two boxes cured me completely. I am now strong and well, and never have a trace of kidney trouble."

This is one more striking proof of the marvellous power of Dodd's Kidney Pills in all cases of kidney disease. No uncertainty troubles the patient after he begins to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. The first few doses convince him that they will cure him, and his recovery is rapid, thorough and permanent.

Dodd's Kidney Pills cost 50 cents a box; six boxes, \$2.50. All druggists sell them.

FOOTBALL.

Practice Match.

The first practice of the Y. M. C. A. footballers will be held at Beacon hill at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. A full attendance of members is requested.

THE RING.

Articles Signed.

Young Hill of Victoria, and Al. Scurry, of Vancouver, have been matched for a sparring contest, to take place at Vancouver on October 10. The articles have been signed. A side bet of \$100 has been posted.

THE GUN.

More Sport.

To-day cock pheasants and quail become legitimate game, and the morning trains will take scores of hunters out for the first chance at the birds. Quail are very plentiful, and there has been a considerable increase in the number of pheasants the long dry summer being favorable for the young birds.

An unusually large number of C. P. R. passengers awaits the sailing of the steamship Queen for San Francisco this evening, there having been booked for her up till yesterday upwards of 150 at the local office. The Walla Walla, due from California, this morning, has on board 80 overland passengers.

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FREE TRIP TO EUROPE

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YOUR
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ALLAT ALL GROCERS
Baking Powder
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CAPITAL (with power to increase) £500,000 \$2,000,000
RESERVE £100,000 \$400,000
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Drafts, Letters of Credit, Etc., issued direct on Dawson City.

Savings Bank Department

Deposits received from \$1 upwards, and interest allowed thereon.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.
Victoria, B. C., November, 1898. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

Seagram's Whisky and "Thistle Blend"

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THE VERY BEST FAMILY FLOUR on the market. Hungarian—XXXX—Best Pastry—Strong Bakers.

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THE Food for all Mining, Exploring and Touring Parties.

Maconochie's Patent Army and Navy Rations are a combination of choice Meat and Vegetables, forming a substantial, nutritious, and savoury meal, which can be eaten hot or cold. Hot in a few minutes.

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MACONCHIE BROTHERS,
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Manufacturers of Jams, Jellies, Marmalade, Bottled Fruits, Jelly Tablets, &c. Potted Meats, Pates and Camp Pies, Soups, Sausages, &c.

130 GOLD MEDALS AND HIGHEST AWARDS.

Mackintoshes, Overcoats, Winter Suits.

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THE LOCAL NEWS.

Fruit jars at Cheapside.

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.

Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside.

Use Blue Ribbon Extract or Vanilla.

Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting.

Everybody smokes the Nugget cigar.

Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting.

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental.

Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates \$2 upwards.

For the best and cheapest cakes in the city go to Lawrence's.

Fine upholstered goods in all the latest materials at Weller Bros.

McClary's Famous Stoves and Steel Ranges at Clarke & Pearson's.

Brass and iron bedsteads at Weller Bros. The largest stock on the Coast.

We have another line of tapestry, Brussels and Wilton squares. Weller Bros.

The Badminton, Vancouver; management, John Creighton. Strictly first-class. Rates, \$2 upwards.

Removed.—Dr. A. E. Verrinder, to the corner rooms, Five Sister block, entrance No. 13, over C.P.R. office.

We can supply you with all household necessities, at prices that will satisfy. Weller Bros.

Prof. Chas. Gartner, B.A. Vocal and instrumental music. Latest European methods. Studio, 55 Five Sisters block.

We have a few pieces of Japanese matting left, at 25 cents per yard; now is your chance. Weller Bros.

Babbling brooks, "Shady nooks." Guests in hammocks "reading books." "In the orchard." Davis', Sannich Road.

TALLY HO! TALLY HO! to hunters—for game locations, apply Stevens' Hotel and Tourist's Retreat, Prospect Lake District.

Something very stylish in Misses' and Children's Fall Hats and Bonnets. The Sterling, 88 Yates street.

Mrs. Hegg, late of New York, has just in charge of the millinery department, The Sterling, 88 Yates street.

Harsh purgatives are fast giving way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver Pills. If you try them, they will certainly please you.

Readers and students of Swedenborg are invited to meet in the Driad hotel parlors, Victoria, on Sunday, October 2, at 3 p.m. by a former resident.

Another lot of those fifteen cent novels just in. All the best authors. The Victoria Book and Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's).

SPORTSMEN.

We have the finest line of hunting knives of best Sheffield make. Try our "Climax" razor; each one guaranteed, and will be changed if not satisfactory, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

PORTLAND EXPOSITION.

Only \$11.60, Victoria to Portland and return, for Portland Exposition. Tickets on sale Wednesday of each week, good to return following Sunday, giving three and a half days at Portland.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent N. P. Railway.

Alleged Assault.—Samuel Moore, a seaman of the sailing schooner Able M. Deering, yesterday complained to the police that he had been assaulted by Capt. White, master of the vessel, and displayed a pair of black eyes as evidence. Moore was told that he would have to swear to an information but had not returned to do so up to closing time yesterday. From Moore's statement, it would appear that it was more of a fight than an assault.

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Hams and Breakfast Bacon
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are the best to be had; at

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Your Prescription will
be prepared with.....
**PURE..
DRUGS**
By Practical Dispensers at the
Central Drug Store.
HALL CO., Yates and Douglas.

Heartily welcome extended to Victorians
to visit Cowichan to-day. Finest exhibi-
tion on the Island.

Help is wanted among the nerves be-
cause of the weak and appetite fails. Hood's
Sarsaparilla gives the help by making
the blood rich and pure.

Evangelist Meekle.—This well known
Canadian evangelist will give a plain
talk to men only to-morrow afternoon
at 3:30 in the A. O. U. W. hall. Boys
under 14 years not admitted. At 8:30
he will address a meeting in the same
place open to all.

To Make Room For Brick.—The work
of demolishing the old shacks at the
corner of Fisgard and Store streets
commenced yesterday. Two brick build-
ings are to be erected on the corner and
on the adjoining lot on Store street, by
a Chinese firm and by Mr. Arthur Porter.

Cowichan Fair.—The annual exhibition
of the Cowichan and Spring Island
Agricultural association takes place to-
day at Duncan. This is always one of
the most interesting of the smaller fairs,
many of the residents of Cowichan dis-
trict taking a deep interest in the raising
of fine stock. Good exhibits of fruit and
other products are also made.

Relief in a Day.—The red-tetter pro-
mise that never fails in cases of the severest
and most chronic stomach troubles
in using Dr. Von Star's Pineapple Tablets.
Nature decreed the pineapple as
one of humanity's great panaceas—medi-
cal science has searched it out, and now
it is the most powerful and effective
pleasant and positive cure. 35 cents.
Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Catholic Apostolic Church.—Fernwood
road, (just north of Odd Fellows' hall).
There will be a service Sunday evening
at 7 o'clock; the subject of sermon, "Bap-
tism," and Christians of all denom-
inations are invited. Mr. Izard, the
evangelist of the Catholic Apostolic
church, will deliver a course of lectures
in this church building, Fernwood road,
which used to be the lecturers' church,
but is now used for services of the
Catholic Apostolic church. The lectures
are especially addressed to all who are
looking for and expecting the immediate
coming of Our Lord Jesus Christ.

Baptist Divine.—Rev. Dr. Spencer, of
the First Baptist church, Brantford,
Ont., is in the city. Dr. Spencer was
formerly chairman of the Manitoba and
British Columbia missionary board, and
has been tendered the position of super-
intendent of missions. He has not yet
accepted the position, but is making a
tour of the country for the purpose of
investigation. Should he accept, Dr. Spencer
would take up his residence in British
Columbia. On Sunday morning the doc-
tor will preach at Calvary Baptist
church; on Sunday afternoon he will
speak at the Y. M. C. A. meeting, and
in the evening he leaves for New West-
minster.

A Stowaway.—John Anderson has al-
ways been an eminently respectable
name since the time-honored song of
"John Anderson My Jo John" was first
sung by the Sir William Wallace society
of Victoria; in fact, it may be said to
have a more than continental reputation
now. John Anderson is himself in town
now, but not for the honor of the
society, for the provincial government,
even in their most economical spirit,
could not allow the occasion to pass
without putting up for John's expenses.
It seems that John, according to his own
story, had gone to the Klondike and had
made lots of money. Expenses of travel-
ing to the North and home, and of the
society he struck Vancouver home and not
feeling very well. Nothing daunted, he
set off for Victoria on the Islander, but
on the way, as he could not pay, he was
told he could help work his passage. John
declined to do this, and much to his
disgust, was handed over to Provincial
Constable Murray as a stowaway, and
last night he was locked up, in spite of his
name and his Klondike stories.

Victoria Theatre.—The scene in "Un-
der the Dome" in which the United
States warship Trenton, after a mighty
struggle with wind and wave, finally is
thrown high upon the beach, is histori-
cally correct, according to the testi-
mony of many who have seen the play.
And yet, the scene was not in the
harbor of Apia. The men of the
Trenton one and all displayed unex-
emplary bravery. History does not record
a more divinely unselfish action than that
of these men, who, tossing helplessly on
the mighty waves, expecting nothing but
speedy death, saw the U.S.S. Calliope slow-
ly but surely gaining the open sea and
comparative safety, and sent after it a
mighty cheer of encouragement. Again,
when all hope had been abandoned, and
the men patiently awaited the fatal
moment, the band assembled on deck,
and the ringing notes of "The Star-
Spangled Banner" bid defiance to the
storm. "Under the Dome" is to be the
attraction at the Victoria theatre on
Monday evening.

A Splendid Display.—Exhibits from
this city and district for the big provin-
cial fair are already finding their way
over to New Westminster. At the
moment carrying away over 400 odd
handsome samples of the products going
to make up the display of M. R. Smith
& Co. This exhibit is certainly the
largest and a long way the most credit-
able display of fine cakes and candies
ever put together by a British Columbia
firm, the fancy and plain biscuits in
tin and wooden boxes being an exhibi-
tion in themselves, while the high stand-
ard confectionery—a branch but newly
taken up by this pioneer and progressive
firm—evidences eloquently how un-
necessary it is to send East hereafter for the
finest dainties that are to be made any-
where. Messrs. M. R. Smith & Co. are
continually enlarging and improving their
establishment, and have now a plant
second to none in the Dominion. Their
box-making, confectionery works, biscuit
department, bakery and delivery systems
give employment to upwards of 50;
while it would surprise those who dis-
pute Victoria's title as a manufacturing
centre to take a look through the works.
With a biscuit oven alone capable of
handling 10 tons a day—the second
largest of its kind in all Canada—and a
bread bakery of equal pretensions, the
factory is an interesting one to visit.
The navy alone consumes upwards of a
ton per diem of the Smith home-made
bread, and as the Navy is always a criti-
cal customer, this cannot but mean that
the bread is the best the market affords.

ARRIVED TO-DAY

STREET

A LARGE
CONSIGNMENT OFCoats, Capes and
Winter Dress Goods

.....AT.....

THE STERLING, YATES STREET.

YOUNG HOUSEBREAKERS.

Three Boys Sentenced to Terms In the
Reformatory.

It did not take very long to settle the
trial of the three small boys, William
Ferguson, George Duncan and Frederick
Hansen, who were committed on Thurs-
day by Magistrate Macrae for breaking
into Mr. Cole's house, on Simcoe street.
Mr. Justice Walkem yesterday sentenced
William Ferguson to 12 months in the
reformatory, and George Duncan and
Frederick Hansen to six months each in
the reformatory. It seems to be the old
story of boys staying out late at night,
playing truant from school, and gradu-
ally falling into crime. Young Ferguson
is a colored boy of about 12 years of
age, and he appears to have been the
ringleader. Though deservedly punished
and from the accounts given of his char-
acter seemingly incorrigible, the lad's
story is a pitiful one. He is an orphan,
and the provincial government, to pro-
vide for him, paid an old man and his
wife to take care of the boy. He was
sent to school, but somehow or other he
seems to have been too much for his
guardians and teachers, and in spite of
all punishments he would stay away
from school. His bad example infected
young Duncan and Hansen, but the boys
do not seem to realize the enormity of
their crime of housebreaking. A stay
at the reformatory may have a good ef-
fect on them, however.

Go to the promenade concert at Drill
hall to-night and see De Armo.

NOT A MURDER.

Skull Found In Alberni Canal Was Only
An Anthropological Specimen.

The mystery of the boy's head in a
box found floating in Alberni canal some
days ago, was solved yesterday, when
the whole thing was cleared up satisfac-
torily, and the murder theory was dis-
covered to be unfounded. A special
despatch to the Colonist from Alberni
article there has been lately. Here
you can choose from 25 different
kinds, at the slightest prices imaginable.

Alberni, Sept. 30.—(Special)—A cor-
ner's inquest was held here to-day on the
skull found some time ago floating in
the Alberni canal. The facts are briefly
these: A resident of New Alberni was
asked by a friend to procure a skull for
him as a specimen. He accordingly
went over to Decuman's island, an old
Indian burial ground, and picked this
skull out of a pile of bones, it being in
a good state of preservation, and packed
it in a box for shipment to Victoria, tak-
ing it aboard the Willapa. He became
rather disgusted with it and threw it
into the canal, box and all, where it
was picked up next day by an Indian,
who opened the package, and, finding
what it was, became frightened and
threw it back again, subsequently report-
ing his find to Constable Cox, who im-
mediately had the box searched for again,
and succeeded in unravelling what prom-
ised to be another mystery of the deep.
The verdict of the jury was in accor-
dance with the evidence given by the per-
son who found the skull, and expert
medical testimony showed that it was
the skull of an Indian boy about 13
years of age. The skull was ordered to
be returned to the place where it was
found.

Superintendent Hussey had arranged
yesterday to despatch Chief Constable
Bailett-Webster to Alberni by the Will-
apa, sailing to-night, to investigate the
whole thing, but a wire from Provincial
Constable Cox, of Alberni, last night,
gave similar information to that con-
tained in the Colonist's special, and so
no further investigation is necessary.

De Armo, novel aerial act, at Drill
hall concert to-night.

FIRE FUND.

List Of the Subscriptions Received at
the Bank of Montreal.

The Bank of Montreal subscription
list for the Westminster fire sufferers
shows a big total and includes the gen-
erous gift from the province of Ontario
which was sent through the Premier.
The list to date is as follows:

Province of Ontario, per Hon. C. A. Simlin	52.50
Women:	
Mrs. Robson, \$1; Mrs. W. Angus,	
\$1; Mrs. L. G. McQuade, \$1; Mrs.	
Gordon Grant, \$1; Mrs. Spofford,	
\$1; Mrs. Croase, \$1; Miss Carr,	
\$1; Miss Perlin, \$1; Mrs. Scrur-	
rier, \$1; Christ Church Cathedral	
Bureau Society, \$1; Home Nursing	
Society, \$2; Mrs. McKilligan,	
\$2.50; Mrs. J. G. Gately, \$5;	
Ladies' Aid First Presbyterian	
church, per Mrs. Ward, \$12; La-	
dies' Aid Hebrew Society, per	
Mrs. Leiser, \$12.50.	44.00
Total	\$2,506.50

See De Armo, the equilibrist, at Drill
hall concert to-night.

A Jubilatory Plebiscite.—A mass meet-
ing will be held in A. O. U. W. hall to-
night. Several well-known orators will
deliver addresses, amongst whom are
Miss Murrett, Rev. Dr. Spencer and Rev.
Dr. D. W. Lucas. Good music, under
direction of Mr. J. G. Brown.

Sixty-seventh Drawing.—The sixty-
seventh drawing for an appropriation of
the Victoria Building society was held
in the Sir William Wallace hall last
evening. Messrs. M. McGregor, B. Wil-
liams and E. Morris acting as a drawing
committee. In the first drawing the re-
sult was in favor of No. 174, 174 A and
B being held by Paul Morrison, and 174
C and D being withdrawn. In the
second drawing the successful number
was 114, 114 A and B being withdrawn,
and 114 C and D being held by Mr.
Angus B. McNeill.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

We Depend

ON THE GOODS WE SELL TO
MAKE PERMANENT CUSTOM-
ERS FOR OUR STORE.....

Hence we continually offer better value at the price than can
be obtained elsewhere. It's not much trouble to compare.
Here are a few new arrivals—positively the newest goods.
No old lines re-hashed at low prices!

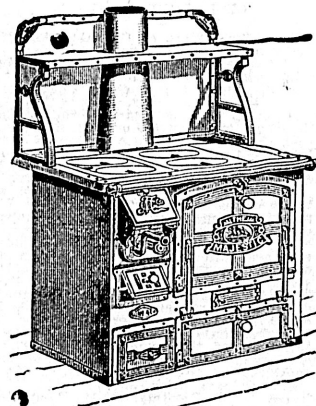
Fur-Top Kid Gloves	.....	\$ 1.00 to \$ 1.40
Ladies' Winter Jackets	.....	3.50 to 25.00
Ladies' "Histingue" Waterproofs	.....	6.50 to 22.50
Children's Waterproofs	.....	3.50 to 7.50
Fur Caps (all fur linings)	.....	15.00 to 49.50
Flannellette Blouses	.....	1.25 to 2.75
Cashmere Blouses	.....	2.50 to 3.90
Silk Blouses	.....	4.25 to 7.50
Lustre Skirts	.....	3.50 to 7.50

THE WESTSIDE.

New Silver and Silver Plate

Good plate is a lasting possession which
never wears out or looks poor. Inferior
goods of this kind are better bought.
We handle only the best wares that are
made, and have just opened some new pat-
terns in tea services, entree dishes, cake
baskets, &c.

C. E. Redfern, Established 1862 43 Govm't St.

The
Majestic
Range

Do you know anybody who has
one? If so, see it; hear its
praises. Then come to Cheap-
side and buy one for yourself.
It will bring peace to the home,
comfort to the family, heal a bad
case of home trouble, it will save
you money. Where shall we
come in? Why, we shall sell a
dozen in your neighborhood.
Sole agents—

Geo. Powell & Co.
CHEAPSIDE,
127 Govt. St., Victoria, B.C.Curtains and
Curtain Materials

In Large Variety at

WEILER BROS.

Look Carefully Through This List:
Grenadine Muslins. Fancy Canvases.
Coin Spot " Venetian Stripes.
Fancy Figured " Tunis Silk.
Fancy " Col'd " Striped Canvases.
Fine White " and a line of

Sample Pairs in Portiere Curtains

.....New Goods Coming in all the time.....

...CLEARANCE SALE...

For 10 Days—

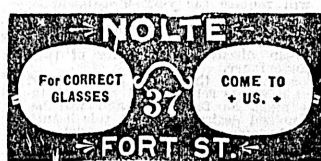
Making room for Fall and
Winter Goods.Come and see the Windows
For Prices.We Lead in Fine
Goods at Right Prices

THOMAS BROS. & GRANT

Civil, Naval and

Military Tailors

92 Government Street



TALKING MA' HINES.

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS

GRAPHOPHONES in handsome carrying
case; aluminum, sapphire reproducer,
horn and hearing tubes, \$15.00.
A delight to every member of the house-
hold. Come! Hear it!
F. W. NOLTE, Agent,
27 Fort street.

..FIRE..

M. W. WAITT & CO.

Are agents for the Cin-
cinnati Safe and Lock
Works and.....EXCELSIOR
..SAFES..Get our Prices.
It'll pay you...

No. 60 Government Street.

CHAS. HAYWARD

Funeral Director and Embalmer

92 Government St., Victoria

The Largest and best appointed Under-
taking Establishment in the ProvinceRemember when going North
that the

Hotel Astoria

AT SKAGWAY,

Is the largest and best furnished Hotel
in Alaska. Has steam heat, electric lights,
bathroom, hot and cold water, call bells,
etc. Reliable information as to freight
and transportation furnished on applica-
tion. Baggage stored free.
Headquarters for Victoria & B. C. Travel-
lers.
CRAMPTON & ARMANTROUT, Props.
Beds 50c. to \$1.50. No bunks.

"FOUR CROWN"

SCOTCH WHISKY.

AGENTS

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

THE COLONIST PRESSES

DO YOU REQUIRE

Engraved, Printed, Embossed Or Bound

Letter Heads
Note Heads
Bill Heads
Statements
Envelopes
Business Cards
Visiting Cards
Programmes
Menu Cards
Wedding Cards
Memorial Cards
Invitation Cards
Receipts
Drafts
Cheques
Stock Certificates
Snow Cards
Maps
Salmon Labels
Labels of Any Kind
Books or Pamphlets
Folders
Bonds
Debitures
Illuminated
Addresses
Diplomas
Blank Books
Law Books
Music Books
Magazines
Binding of any kind
Maps Mounted
Paper Ruled,

OR ANYTHING in the line of Engraving, Printing, Binding and Embossing. If you do you can be furnished with the same by THE COLONIST. We carry a greater assortment of Paper, Envelopes, Cards, Binding Cloth and Leather than any other establishment in the West, and having the several branches under one roof, can give satisfaction in

QUALITY PROMPTNESS AND PRICE

Prices and Samples furnished on application. Address

The Colonist Co.

VICTORIA, B.C.
Telephone 197.

VANCOUVER HANDY LIST

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ASSAYER.
A. MACFARLANE, 623 Hastings street.

AUCTIONEERS.
JOHN RANKIN, Hastings street.
AUCTION ROOMS AND STOCK BUYERS.
COOMBS & LASH, 17 Cordova street.

BANKS.
BANK OF MONTREAL.
WULFSCHEIN & BEWICK, Ltd.
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

CANNING SUPPLIES.
JOHN LECKIE, 632 Granville street.

CLOTHIERS.
GEO. R. GORDON, 74 Cordova street.

CONFECTIONERY.
OBEN & TAYLOR (lunches) 413 Hastings.
GREGOR & FREURE, 506 Hastings street.

DRUGGISTS.
JOHN REID (simple remedies), cor. East.
OWL DRUG CO., 74 Cordova. J. F. Jaek.
THE McDOWELL, ATKINS, WATSON CO., Ltd. Lby.

DRY GOODS, ETC.
GORDON DRYSDALE, 150 Cordova street.
JAMES STARK, Importer, 30 and 32 Cordova street.

HABERDASHERS.
DUNLAP, COOKE & CO., Cordova street.

HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES.
Z. FRANKS, new and second-hand furniture.

LOAN BROKERS.
S. WEAVER—Guns and bicycles wanted.

MILLERS.
THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., Ltd., millstuffs, etc.

REAL ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS.
CROFTLEY, LOWEN & CAMPBELL, 201 Hastings street.

R. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.
RAND BROS., financial and mining brokers.
D. F. DOUGLAS, 334 Cambie street.

MONEY TO LOAN.
G. E. FARRER, L.L.B., 634 Hastings.

METAL MERCHANTS.
JOHN BOYD & CO.

MERCHANT TAILORS.
M. ROBINSON, 620 Hastings street.
DAN STEWART, 130 Cordova street.
S. McPHERSON, 155 Cordova street.
J. G. CAMPBELL, New York Tailor, 325 Cambie street.

OPTICIAN AND WATCHMAKER.
ALBERT UFFORD, 58 Cordova street.

PLUMBERS, ETC.
SAMUEL A. WYER, 725 Hastings street.
REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL.
MAHON, McFARLANE & MAHON, Hastings street.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.
C. S. Douglas, Cordova street.

RESTAURANTS.
RAND BROS., financial and mining brokers.

SAIL AND AWNING MAKERS.
ED. LIPSETT (tents for rent) 69 Water street.

SOAP MANUFACTURERS.
STANDARD SOAP CO., Findlay & Co. proprietors.

TEA IMPORTERS.
CROYLON TEA CO.—W. A. Clark, 50 Cordova street.

UPHOLSTERER AND MATTRESSER.
G. CATELL, 725 Hastings street.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS.
KEMP & SIMPSON, 51 Cordova street.

WALL PAPER DEALERS.
J. K. DAVIS—Latest styles.

WHOLESALE GROCERIES.
KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO.

TRANSFER COMPANIES.
THOMAS H. WOOTTON, furniture moving, 725 Hastings street.

VANCOUVER TRANSFER CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.
LANGLEY & HENDERSON BROS.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
S. DOWING & SON, 610 Granville street.
HOPKIRK & SPENCE, 427 Cordova street.

POUNDRIES—IRON AND BRASS.
ROSS & HOWARD & CO., Alexander street, near Carrall.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
PAGE PONSFORD BROS., Hastings street.

GROCERIES.
THE B. C. SUPPLY CO., general merchandise, 112 Cordova street.

HARDWARE.
McLENNAN, McFEELEY & CO., 122 Cordova street.

THOS. DUNN & CO., Ltd., 8 and 10 Cordova street.

VANCOUVER HARDWARE CO., 144 Cordova street.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ltd.

HOTELS.
MANOR HOUSE—Rates, \$2 and \$2.50.
BOULDER—Hotel and Restaurant.
GRAND HOTEL, 612 Cordova street.
GOLD HOUSE—American and European plan, free bus.

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS.
GEO. E. TROLEY, 102 Cordova street.

PATENT ATTORNEY AND DRAUGHTSMAN.
TRETHERWEY & BRITAIN, 105 Cordova street.

Commercial Hotel. Turkish Baths
Best \$2 00 a day house in Vancouver
J. F. COSTELLO, MANAGER.

NOTICE

THE DAILY COLONIST is for sale at the news stands and on the streets of Vancouver on the arrival of the steamer from Victoria and at the following additional places on the province and mainland:

NEW WESTMINSTER, D. Lyall & Co.

KAMLOOPS, W. T. Slavin, J. A. Halton.

MARA, M. Skofeski.

VERNON, Smith Bros.

REVELSTOCK, Batterman & Co., F. B. Wells, Can. Drug and Book Co., G.P.R. station; A. J. Aman, C.P.R. station; McDowell, Atkins, Watson Co., Revelstoke station.

NELSON, A. Purdy, Thomson Stationery Co.

SLOCAN, Slocan News Co.

SANDY, Slocan News Co.

SILVERTON, Silverton News Co.

ROSSLAND, M. W. Simpson.

TRAIL, F. W. Brown.

KASLO, J. and Young.

NEW DENVER, G. F. Nelson.

And may also be had from the news agents on all regular C.P.R. trains running out of Vancouver.

VICTORIA FIRMS.

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.
M. R. SMITH & CO., Victoria, B.C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.

BOOK EXCHANGE.
DASHMORE'S, 103 Douglas street; buy and exchange all kinds of books and novels.

DRAYMAN.
JOSEPH HANEY, Truck and Drayman—Office 26 Yates street; stables 114 Super lot street; Telephone 171.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS & EMBALMERS.
CHAS. HAYWARD, 52 Government street.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.
R. LETTICE—Paints, varnishes, etc. Window glass and wall paper.

HARDWARE.
E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Cor. Johnson and Government.

HOTELS.
OCCIDENTAL—\$1 to \$1.50 per day. Under management of Walter Porter.

DOMINION—Popular prices; all comforts of higher price hotels. Free bus; meals 25 cents.

QUEEN'S—Am. and Europ. plan, cor. Store and Johnson streets. J. C. Voss, Prop.

LIVERY AND TRANSFERS.
VICTORIA TRANS. CO., 21 Broughton st. Largest stock of horses, carriages, etc. for hire.

VICTORIA TRUCK AND DRAY CO.—Telephone 13.

MINING BROKERS.
BEN WILLIAMS & CO., 44 Fort St., mining brokers and operators. Stocks and shares sold on commission. Correspondence solicited.

STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS.
STEWART & EARL, Coffee, spices, mustard and baking powders. Pembroke st. near Government.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street; dealers in all kinds of photographic material; Views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Sema Block—Maynard's Shoe and Findlay Store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS.
L. GOODACRE, Contractor by appt to Royal Navy and Dominion Government. Tel. 32.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET CO., Ltd., 41 and 43 Cordova street; wholesale and retail dealers in fresh, salted and smoked meats, lard, etc.; branch Vancouver.

STEAM DYE WORKS.
PAISLEY DYE WORKS—Tel. 410. The old reliable. Established 1885. 116 Yates street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Tel. 200—Largest estab.; country orders solicited. 143 Yates street.

Z. LETTICE, dealer in paints, oils, varnish and window glass; agent for Brilliant.

SCAVENGERS.
ED LINES, General Scavenger, 230 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Jas. Townsley, 80 Government street; Speed Bros., corner Douglas and Fort; or Schroeder Bros., corner Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. Arthur Gordon Smith has this day been admitted as a partner in the firm of Tupper, Peters & Gilmore, Vancouver, B. C., and that the business of the firm will be carried on at Victoria, B. C., as follows: Tupper, Peters & Gilmore, Vancouver, B. C.; Tupper, Peters & Gilmore, Vancouver, B. C.; Tupper, Peters & Gilmore, Vancouver, B. C.

A. G. Smith, Dawson, N. W. T. Dated at Victoria, B. C., 19th Sept., 1898. TUPPER, PETERS & GILMORE.

Victoria Water Works

Notice is hereby given that from and after the first day of October next all water rates and rents will be due and payable at the City Hall on the last day of each month. It paid within 15 days of becoming due a discount will be allowed, except in the case of meter rates, which are net. If not so paid the water may be shut off without notice.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

City Hall, August 30, 1898.

MRS. EDWARD DICKINSON

Will resume her Saturday afternoon Dancing Classes for Children

Commencing Saturday afternoon, October 8th, at the A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates street, from 2:30 to 5 p.m. Private classes formed.

MRS. CHUDLEY

Will resume her Saturday afternoon Dancing Classes

at the Sir William Wallace Rooms, 26 1/2 Broad St.

On Saturday afternoon the 1st Oct. next, and every succeeding Saturday, from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Private address, 2 Oswego St., cor. of Belleville St., James Bay, Victoria.

Corporation of the City of Victoria

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday the 1st day of October, at the City Hall, at 12 o'clock noon, I shall sell by public auction the following animals, viz: One roan heifer, about Jersey, about 18 months old; also one dark heifer, light muzzle, three parts Jersey. Unless the said animals are redeemed and the pound charges paid at or before the time of sale.

F. CURRIAN,
Pound Keeper.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 22, 1898.

NOTICE

The Union Colliery of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, B.C., on Wednesday the 5th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

C. H. POOLEY, Secretary.

Victoria, 31st August, 1898.

Bulbs! Bulbs!!

Just to hand,

Direct from Holland

A large consignment of Dutch Bulbs, in excellent condition, and will be sold cheap.

WILLIAM DODDS,
207 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

SPECIAL...

Waltham Watches, Elgin Watches, Duesbar Watches—in Solid Silver Cases—Warranted ten years, \$6

For This Month Only

STODDART YATES STREET

THE J. C. McLaren Belting Co.

Pure Oak Tanned

BELTING

The only Genuine Oak Tanned Belt in the Dominion.

Montreal, Toronto

DISABILITIES

Do you feel more tired in the morning than on going to bed? Do you have melancholy spells, poor memory, shy, despondent, want to be let alone, irritable? If you do feel so you suffer from Nervous Debility. If you are treated now you can be cured. If you wait you may wait a little too long. Many who wait become nervous wrecks. Don't you wait. The sure, speedy cure is the GREAT

"HUDYAN."

HUDYAN CURES

LOST MANHOOD. FAILING POWERS. NERVOUS DEBILITY. HORRIBLE DREAMS. CONSTIPATION. LOSS OF POWER. LOSS OF CAPACITY. LACK OF ENERGY

Call or write for Circulars and Testimonials.

Blood Poison

Blood Poison

Blood Poison

Blood Poison

30 - DAY - CURE CIRCULARS.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE

Flecken, Market and Ellis Streets, San Francisco, - - - Cal.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the matter of the application of Lionel Barnett Joseph and Josephus Barnett Joseph, formerly of Victoria, but now of London, England, for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to Victoria Town Lots Nos. one hundred and nine (109), one hundred and ten (110), one hundred and eleven (111), one hundred and thirteen (113), one hundred and twenty-eight (128), three hundred and eighty-seven (387), four hundred and eighteen (418), four hundred and fifty-two (452), four hundred and seventy-seven (477), four hundred and eighty-eight (488), five hundred and sixty-three (563), five hundred and seventy-four (574), six hundred and fifty-six (656), six hundred and fifty-seven (657), six hundred and sixty-one (661), six hundred and sixty-two (662), six hundred and sixty-three (663), one hundred and sixty-four (664), six hundred and sixty-eight (668), six hundred and sixty-nine (669), six hundred and seventy (670), six hundred and seventy-one (671), and all that parcel or parcel of land situate in Esquimalt District, being portion of Suburban Lot Forty (40), on the Official Map of said District, commencing at a point 561 links from the northeasterly corner of said lot, thence running westerly along the northerly line of the said lot to the northwesterly corner thereof, thence at right angles southerly ten chains and a half to the southwesterly corner of the said lot, thence at right angles easterly to a point ninety-one links distant from the southeasterly corner of the said lot, thence at right angles northerly to the place of beginning, and which said place of land containing three acres one rood and thirteen perches, more or less.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to issue a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above land to Lionel Barnett Joseph and Josephus Barnett Joseph on the first day of October next, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person having an estate or interest therein, or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., June 20th, 1898.

REMOVAL

The office of J. D. Warren is moved from No. 16 Trowce Alley to No. 36 Fort street.

SHE'S VERY DEAR.

She's very dear! So fair, so sweet, so true! Lips red as wine, eyes of the deep, deep blue And full of love and dreams. Her rich hair golden gleams. She like an angel seems. She's very dear!

She's very dear! She's childlike, yet mature. Here is affection that will e'er endure—Tender, full of the grace Born of a gentle race; An honest, trustful face. She's very dear!

She's very dear! Her smile's the little ray Of sunlight that illumines my day. It is all true, but hear: She spends, or very near, Ten thousand every year! She's very dear!—James Courtney Challis in New York Sun.

CAME HOME EARLY.

There was no one in Sigby's office but Sigby himself.

His stenographer had gone out to lunch. So had the bookkeeper and a red-headed young man who generally occupied a desk opposite Sigby's own.

Sigby sat with his feet under his desk and thought. To aid him in this mental effort he chewed the end of a cigar and scowled at a picture in a small silver frame that stood under the pigeonholes at the back of his desk.

It seemed to occur to him that he could think better with his feet up, so he pulled out the slide at the side of his desk and put them up on that. After that he seemed to get on.

Suddenly the scowl became a half smile. His feet came down with a thump. He jumped up and went to the telephone and turned the little crank at the side energetically.

"Gimme double four eight—main."

He stood square on his feet, threw back his shoulders and looked contented. Then he lowered his head again and said "yeh" into the transmitter as the number was repeated back and nipped the ragged end of his cigar with his strong, white teeth as he waited.

"Hello! Fred Gibson there?"

"Hello, Gib!"

"Say, old man, you got to come and get me out tonight."

"Yeh, that's what I said."

"No; no bail."

He laughed into the phone and said: "Ah, go to the d—!"

"Hey?"

"No. Now see here; I've promised to go out with Brounson to meet some merry people tonight, and I've been getting out to banquets and clubs and lodge meetings and business men's meetings and political meetings and—any old thing until my list is worn out. See?"

"Yeh."

"Yeh."

"Yeh. You've got to come over to night and get me out."

"Yeh."

"Yeh. You're on to your job."

"I guess so."

"A board meeting?"

"Strawboard, cardboard, day board, clapboard?"

"Oh, a meeting of the board of directors?"

"Oh, I see!"

"Yeh."

"You bet!"

"Well, they're a good many—neat, but not gaudy, as the monkey!"

"Huh?"

"What's that?"

"Oh, as near seven as you can make it!"

"I shan't be going out, you know, at all. You'll have to drag me."

"That's it!"

"Got time to drop over and smile?"

"All right."

"Yeh."

"Yeh."

"All right."

"Goodbye!"

Sigby winked at his newspaper when the bell rang at 7 o'clock.

His wife was putting the baby to sleep. She stopped rocking and listened to see if her latest acquisition in the servant girl line would go to the door.

"Annie must be up stairs," she said, laying baby in a big chair containing a pillow and going into the hall.

She reappeared, followed by Gibson.

"Hello, old man. Glad to see you. Sit down," said Sigby, springing up and shaking hands as Mrs. Sigby wheeled an easy chair forward.

He had on a pair of slippers and a house jacket that had evidently seen little use.

Mrs. Sigby took up the baby and resumed her rocker, beaming contentedly upon her big, handsome husband and his visitor.

"Well, it's an important meeting, Sigby, and we've all got to be there," resumed Gibson, after he had stated the object of his call.

"Howland tried to reach you over the phone twice, but couldn't catch you, so I told him I'd see that you got there."

Sigby had settled back in his big, leather covered chair and put his slipped right foot up on his left knee with the air of a man whom cables could not drag from the comforts of his home.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Mining

Ainsworth, B.C., Sept. 24.—Ainsworth, the oldest and in many respects the best known camp of the Kootenay country, is situated on the west bank of Kootenay lake, about thirty-five miles north of Nelson, and about half that distance south of Kaslo. It is distinctly a silver lead camp, although in the past season or two several very promising gold bearing quartz claims have been located along some of the creeks tributary to the camp. The work on these, however, has not been sufficient to demonstrate their value and even under the most favorable conditions, it will be another year or two before Ainsworth can lay claim to any actual gold producing mines.

It is now more than fourteen years ago since Charles Olsen, the veteran landlord of the Hot Springs hotel, penetrated the great northern wilderness and attracted by the evidences of vast mineral deposits, constructed a rude cabin and laid the foundation for the present town of Ainsworth. Since that time the old camp has had many ups and downs, but withal it has held its own pretty well, and is to-day far more substantial and promising than at any time during its history.

Three times it has been almost swept out of existence by fire but the indomitable pluck and energy of its citizens have risen superior to the catastrophe, and each time a new Ainsworth has risen from the ashes of the old. Innumerable times have rich strikes in other camps caused a general exodus of miners and prospectors from Ainsworth until it would seem that the camp would be deserted, but in time the backward drift would set in and Ainsworth would resume its former air of life and activity.

ORE IN GREAT BODIES.
Although the ores of the Ainsworth camp are of low grade the immense bodies more than make up for the deficiency in values and at the present day the low price of mining and treating silver-lead ores warrants the assertion being made that Ainsworth will ultimately become one of the greatest ore producing camps in the British Columbia province. The camp is at present overshadowed by the high grade silver camps at Sandon and Whitewater and by the great gold camp of Rossland, but in spite of this a great deal of money is being spent in the steady development of the mines of Ainsworth.

MINES NOW WORKING.
The No. One, which has in past years paid its owners many thousands dollars in dividends, is working a large force of men on a new tunnel which is destined to cut the ore body at a depth of over 500 feet. The mine is stripping but little ore at present, only enough to pay the development work that is going on. Among the other properties that have been worked during the past summer are the Highlander, Black Diamond, Albion, Twin, Rand and several properties on Crawford creek which are under bond to an Eastern syndicate, headed by Jno. F. Stevens, late chief engineer of the Great Northern.

The Highlander is owned by a Philadelphia syndicate, headed by Maxwell Stevenson, a prominent lawyer of the Quaker City. The company has about \$25,000 in the treasury which will be expended in development purposes. The company has also leased the Black Diamond and Little Phil and is shipping about 40 tons per day from the former property to their own concentrator which is located at Mile Point and is connected with the Black Diamond by means of a cable tramway. The Black Diamond has an immense body of fine concentrating ore which averages about 60 per cent. lead and from 30 to 50 ounces of silver. It runs about seven tons a day and is mined, shipped to the concentrator and treated at a cost of not exceeding \$2.50 per ton. This cost can be greatly reduced when the property is in condition to ship larger quantities of ore.

A force of men are at work sinking on the main vein of the Highlander and at a depth of 175 feet have encountered a promising body of galena ore which gives every evidence of being the richest strike yet made in the camp. Assays have shown several hundred ounces of silver, and from 50 to 100 tons of lead. The Highlander company has two shifts at work on the Little Phil doing development work and expects to cut the ore vein some time during the coming month.

THE ALBION.
The Albion adjoins the Highlander on the north and is owned by a Spokane company of which W. A. Aldrich, secretary of the Spokane Gas company, is president. The company has expended upwards of \$15,000 in development work and has cut two veins of ore in its main tunnel which has been run in a distance of nearly 500 feet, giving a depth in the first vein of 375 feet and on the second of about 450 feet. A drift of 120 feet has been run on the first vein to the north and an ore chute of 94 feet uncovered. An upraise of 47 feet has been run and is in use all the way up. Numerous assays have been made from the ore in the drift and upraise, showing total values ranging from \$68 to \$104. The ore will average from 60 to 65 per cent. in lead and about 40 ounces in silver. Assays for gold have shown from \$1.50 to \$2.25 in value. It is the intention of the company to commence drifting on the second vein at once and to continue work through the winter.

COAL, \$5.50 per ton
Munn, Holland & Co.
Corner Broad & Tronoe Avenue

The company is free from debt and it is expected that enough ore will be shipped this winter to pay for all development expenses.

The Banker adjoins the Albion on the north and the same veins that have been cut in the latter property run through the Banker, but not enough work has been done on the Banker tunnel yet to cut these veins.

The Tariff which lies east of the Highlander is owned by Braden Brothers, the owners of the Pilot Bay smelter, and during the past year they have shipped many thousands tons of ore from the property. It is expected that the mine is good down, but work and shipments will be resumed this fall.

AT THE TWIN MINE.
To the north of the camp the Twin mine is working a force of eight men on a tunnel which will cut into the ore body at a depth of 500 feet. The tunnel is now in about 80 feet and there remains about 150 feet of work to be done before the ore body is encountered. The Twin is owned by an Eastern Canada syndicate, the general manager being Charles F. Clough, of this city.

ONE GREAT HARSHSHIP.
The one great harshship which the camp has to contend with is the present United States duty on lead of 1½ cents per pound. Were Ainsworth on this side of the line the production of the camp would rival that of the Coeur d'Alenes. This difficulty may in part be Alene in the near future by the passage of a retaliatory act by the Canadian parliament placing a duty on American lead ore. This would undoubtedly stimulate the Canadian lead industry in the building of lead smelters as well as in mining and would consequently bring the Ainsworth camp into great prominence as the leading lead producing camp in the Dominion of Canada.—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

VANCOUVER'S BUDGET.

Free Gold Quartz From Glacier Island—U. S. Relief for Deluded Prospectors.

Another Story of Ashcroft Trail—Junior Conservatives Organize—Westminster Rents.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Vancouver, Sept. 30.—The steamer Discovery arrived from Skagway to-day. Passengers by her report that another stampede has been made to Atlin lake owing to numerous prospectors coming down with good clean-ups. J. A. Aiken, however, who comes direct from Atlin, says that claims are selling at from \$10 to \$12 each. J. C. Mattell, direct from Teslin, says there are no new strikes. Andrew Boren says the Stikine route is becoming unpopular owing to the high rates for packing—40 cents per pound from Glenora to Teslin.

F. Courtney, proprietor of the Slocan hotel at Glenora, confirms reports of the terrors of the Ashcroft trail. Seventy per cent. of the horses starting over it are lost, he says.

C. L. Betts is the most interesting passenger. He has struck a free gold claim of great richness on Glacier Island, Prince William Sound, United States territory. Mr. Betts shows free gold samples which are almost nuggets so profusely is the gold splashed over the white quartz. He comes now from Copper river and he tells an alarming story of the 2,000 destitute people there. The United States steamers Excelsior and Wheeler are commissioned by the United States government to take all who wish free of charge to Seattle. The soldiers are providing food for the half-starved hundreds and helping them back over the mountains. Every one praises the prompt action of the United States government. At Cloutina one man wandered off, was lost and starved to death. His name could not be learned.

"Heart of Chicago" company drew a packed house last night. In the first gallery the aisles, seats and all available standing room behind were occupied. The top gallery was jammed to suffocation and down stairs there was "standing room only." The spectacular effects were as good as ever.

A Young Liberal-Conservative club organized here last night, with Mr. W. J. Bowser in the chair. There is general comment and much dissatisfaction over landlords raising rents in New Westminster. Mr. Hedges Hoodland died suddenly at Hazelton yesterday. He was 72 years of age and a native of Quebec.

THE THIRTEEN ROMAN LEOS.

The Popes of That Name Have Included Some Eminent Men.

Thirteen in number have been the Leos that have filled the chair of Peter, and of these several have been popes of eminence, says the London Sketch. The first of the name early obtained the papal tiara, leaving less honored titles for those who might succeed. His pontificate in the middle of the fifth century lasted over 20 years, and a fine early printed edition of his "Sermons," with a magnificent illuminated initial letter, before me as a relic. Leo II, who lived towards the end of the seventh century, had but a short reign; Leo III in his 20 years of rule had the honor of crowning the greatest of the mediæval Caesars, Charlemagne; the fourth Leo was an exemplary pontiff, if nothing more; the fifth, sixth and seventh were but transient figures early in the tenth century, and the eighth was one of the anti-popes. Leo IX, one of the house of Hapsburg, towards the middle of the eleventh century, illuminated the world with his learning, and was canonized.

Four hundred and sixty years elapse before we come to another Leo, the tenth of the name, Giovanni de' Medici, illustrious for his fostering of the Renaissance, and celebrated in a different manner, for his inability to check the Lutheran heresies. Had he been less a patron of letters and a courtier, and more of an anchorite, the Reformation might have been stayed, if not actually effected within the limits of the church itself. Another Medici, though not of the then reigning house of Tuscany, occupied the holy seat for a few weeks in 1665 as Leo XII. Again a gap—more than 200 years—before we arrive at Leo XII, elected during the thirty years' peace, when Europe was slumbering between the Napoleonic wars and the days of '48. Last of all comes the bonon and venerable Leo XIII, who is passing his closing years as occupant of the Vatican and as mediator between the sons of men. It is curious indeed that nine out of the thirteen lived before the Normans conquered "this little isle set in the silver sea."

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

OTTAWA SHIP CANAL.

An Ambitious Scheme Which Yet May Give New Waterway to Great Lakes.

From the Ottawa Citizen.

It was rumored around town on Saturday that Mr. Marcus Smith, M. Inst. C.E., consulting engineer of the Georgian Bay canal, was instructed to commence the survey in October to complete them before the ice takes on the rivers.

A Citizen reporter interviewed Mr. Stewart on the subject. He mentioned that he had heard remarked that matters were progressing favorably with the canal project.

Mr. Stewart was very reluctant, and would neither confirm nor deny the rumor, but he said: "All the cables this week are of a most favorable character. I am going to Quebec to be present at the unveiling of the monument to Champlain, and when I return I may be able to give you some information, as my English letters will have arrived."

"Do you mind telling me what your movements are?"

"I am going to Montreal to-morrow to see the Hon. Charles Russell (son of Lord Russell, of Kilowren, Lord Chancellor of England), solicitor in England of my company; then a Quebec; and on my return Mr. Poupore, M.P., and I are going up the Ottawa river. We have been invited to address several of the agricultural shows. I expect to leave on the 5th of October for England on the White Star line, but I may be detained here a week later. Our proposals to the Dominion government are:

"1. The Montreal, Ottawa and Georgian Bay Canal Company will build, construct, complete and equip the Montreal and Georgian Bay canal, with locks of fourteen feet depth and up to the standard of the latest locks built by the government of Canada, so that boats can pass through from the great lakes to Montreal without interruption.

"2. The said company will employ Canadian labor only. Canadian sub-contractors, and will use new plant and machinery made in Canada if procurable.

"3. The said company will commence the surveys at once, and will complete same in ten weeks, and will put the whole under contract as soon as surveys are completed.

"4. The company will wait for one year, or longer if required, from the date of the absolute completion of the said canal before the guarantee hereinafter mentioned shall commence to be paid.

"5. The guarantee required of the government by the said company is \$340,000 a year for twenty years, or 2 per cent on \$17,000,000, the cost which the said company accept as the estimate for the purpose of this arrangement or negotiation with the government.

"6. The said company will only ask the government to pay the deficiency in the interest on the bonds to the extent of a sum not greater than \$340,000, e.g., if the earnings for the first year were \$100,000 the government would only be called upon to pay \$240,000.

"7. If the government of Canada shall be called upon to pay, and shall pay, the whole or any portion of said guarantee, the same will be refunded by the said company from time to time out of the current and subsequent profits, so the guarantee will partake of the nature of a loan.

"8. The payment of the said guarantee, or any portion thereof, shall be a first charge and lien on all property, real and personal, of the company, and on all their rights, franchises, easements and privileges.

"9. An order-in-council will be accepted by the said company for the purpose of concluding the arrangement or negotiation and entering on the construction of the canal works, same to be ratified by subsequent legislation.

A STRONG COMPANY.

"You can say, however, that we will give the government more than five or six years after completion, if necessary, and that the interest on the bonds will not commence until the date the government pleases. One of my company is strong financially he could give a cheque on the Bank of Scotland for the whole amount of the cost, and never feel it. His name is a household word all over the world for wealth and enterprise."

"How long will it take to construct?"

"About two years and a half," Mr. Meldrum, the Engineer, who gave evidence here, said that the company would attack the work at every available point. It is our idea to open every lock simultaneously.

"How long have you been working on this project?"

"It is eight years last April since I commenced personally to work on the matter. Of course, my father worked on it eighteen years, and if he and the late Mr. John Egan, father of H. K. Egan, had lived, the canal would have been built years ago. I should not call it a canal in the generally accepted term; it is opening up a water route that is connecting grand water stretches. Sir John Macdonald advised me to take out a charter in 1891. He said the canal should be built by a company. He told me if the C.P.R. had been built by the government he never would have seen it completed. When we entertained Sir John Macdonald some years ago at the Russell, he made a speech in which he said: 'The Ottawa canal and the Canadian Pacific must be built.' He put my project first. Sir John Macdonald often told me that he would not live to see it built, but that I would, if God spared me, see the Ottawa canal and a double track around Lake Superior built, and both of them together would not be able to carry the wheat to Montreal. His prophecy is being more than realized. The Parry Sound route has been opened. Sir William Van Horne has told me there is a resolution on the books to double track the C.P.R. around Lake Superior, and on Dominion day in 1901 you will see grain and ore laden vessels passing down the Ottawa every five minutes in the day and the three companies combined, viz., the C.P.R., the Georgian Bay canal and the Parry Sound, will not be equal to carrying the cereals from our great Northwest to tide-water at Montreal.

"Lord Dufferin told me in London last year that Canada's great Northwest was going to expand beyond human ken, and one of the things which was to help it was the opening up of this great water route. He told me if I carried out this great project that I deserved and would receive the everlasting gratitude of the people of Canada, and that it was a truly national and imperial project. This was a graceful compliment from an ex-Governor-General, and one of the greatest diplomats of the nineteenth century has produced."

"What is the cost to be?"

"About \$17,000,000. This includes lengthening the five locks of the Lachine canal from 250x45x14 to 300x45x14, light-houses, buoys and telegraphs, a three-million elevator at Montreal, and enlarging the Carillon and Capreol locks from 9 to 14 feet, so as to make the whole system uniform throughout."

IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE.

"What guarantee are you asking from the imperial government?"

"One per cent on \$17,000,000; that is, \$170,000 per annum, but on the same conditions as we have made to the Canadian government, that payment is not to commence until the canal is completed, or at the same time that Canada begins to pay it."

"Are your prospects good to get the imperial guarantee?"

"Yes, I think so; but I have been anxious to get the Right Hon. Mr. Chamberlain here, but Mayor Bingham has been called, and now Lord Salisbury is very ill, and Mr. Chamberlain may have to go home soon, and our opportunity will be lost because His Worship did not strike the iron when it was hot. If Mr. Chamberlain came here and made a speech it would be cable to Great Britain and every capital in Europe, which would be a great advertisement for Ottawa. Mayor Bingham is honorary president of the Ottawa Valley Tourist Association. By bringing the Secretary of State for the Colonies here he would accomplish more at one stroke than that association can accomplish in the next quarter of a century."

CATARRH AND HAY FEVER.

If it's hay fever that is the bug-bear of your life, you won't know the pleasure of freedom from it till you've tried Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

PASSENGERS.

By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

J. S. Lattimer, J. B. Flater, W. W. Fluge, A. Berry, W. W. Rutter, Mrs. Ritter, T. Russell, Mrs. Russell, Mrs. Dick, Miss Dick, H. F. Young, Miss Lindsay, Capt. McLeod, W. Brackett, D. R. Keet, W. Gibbons, R. Miller, J. Eldon, A. Walker, Mrs. Wood, T. Simpson, S. Robson, Miss Rice, Mrs. J. W. Smith, A. Shiver, Mrs. Shiver, C. Corbett, Geo. Smith, A. Ireland, E. J. Wilson, J. J. Jones, Mrs. Lorrain and T. W. Corbett, Mrs. Corbett.

By steamer Islander from Vancouver:

Robt. Jamieson, P. J. Wheeler, Alex. Ewen, Mrs. A. J. Lohman, Miss G. Grant, H. L. Erskine, G. Hicks, H. Le. Hendry, A. A. Davidson, H. Le. Hendry, H. Donaldson, Miss Urquhart, S. O. Richards, Mrs. J. Barrett, W. Steele, Mrs. W. Brewster, Jas. Retter, Chas. Gilbert, E. R. Johnston, Chas. Carron, W. Penney, D. D. Woolley, Rev. E. C. Paget, T. R. Shepard, Mrs. Shepard, Miss Sherry, Barranclough, G. D. Goldsmith, W. Henderson, Miss Patton, D. J. Galt, Richard Craig, W. S. Orle, A. Mansfield, Mrs. Duffell, Mrs. Duffell, Miss Harvey, W. W. Penny, Mrs. Williams, W. Ludwig, F. H. Phillips, Mrs. Philpott, Miss Philpott.

CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Kingston from the Sound: Weller Bros., J. Fullerton, C. C. Market Co., H. Macdonald & K. G. Carter, Weller Bros., A. McGregor & Son, Geo. Morrison & Co., Henderson Bros., H. Mansell, W. Barranclough, R. W. Nevill, M. W. Watt, Jas. Rae, P. McQuade, M. Apple & Co., P. McQuade, Nicholles & Co.

By steamer Islander from Vancouver:

P. McQuade, L. Willie, Colinet, Hudson Bay Co., J. Blackford, E. K. Fendell, Bessinger & Co., E. K. Rogers, J. C. Hayes, J. R. Rogers, H. Macdonald & K. A. McGregor & Son, H. Cooley, Wm. Knox, J. H. Todd & Son, Martin & B. M. Bours, Dom. Exp. Co., S. J. Pitts.

A man's health is the rope by which he climbs to success.

If he can keep his health, he will go on to success. Yet his health is the very thing he neglects more than anything else. It is easier to keep health than it is to regain it. When a man feels himself running down, when he realizes a loss of vitality and energy, he must call a halt. The strands of his rope are breaking rapidly. If he does not stop, he will find himself in the hands of men in just this condition. It makes health, it makes pure, rich blood, it makes a water route that is connecting grand water stretches. Sir John Macdonald advised me to take out a charter in 1891. He said the canal should be built by a company. He told me if the C.P.R. had been built by the government he never would have seen it completed. When we entertained Sir John Macdonald some years ago at the Russell, he made a speech in which he said: 'The Ottawa canal and the Canadian Pacific must be built.' He put my project first. Sir John Macdonald often told me that he would not live to see it built, but that I would, if God spared me, see the Ottawa canal and a double track around Lake Superior built, and both of them together would not be able to carry the wheat to Montreal. His prophecy is being more than realized. The Parry Sound route has been opened. Sir William Van Horne has told me there is a resolution on the books to double track the C.P.R. around Lake Superior, and on Dominion day in 1901 you will see grain and ore laden vessels passing down the Ottawa every five minutes in the day and the three companies combined, viz., the C.P.R., the Georgian Bay canal and the Parry Sound, will not be equal to carrying the cereals from our great Northwest to tide-water at Montreal.

Send 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, and receive a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Walter Damrosch has composed a "To Deaf of in honor of Admiral Dewey's victory at Manila, and it will be sung next winter in New York by the Oratorio Society. Since giving up the musical career of opera Mr. Damrosch has devoted his time to composition.

BABY ECZEMA AND SCALD HEAD.

Infants and young children are peculiarly subject to this terrible disorder, and not promptly arrested it will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of eczema and disease of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure all forms of eczema. The first application soothes the irritation and puts the little sufferer to rest.

The queerest mascot on the government ships is a swarm of "carpenter bees" that has made its home for three years in the mast of the light-house tender Agave. They took up their quarters voluntarily, and they have stuck to the tender during all its travels and blockade duty. Though they browse around on shore when convenient, they never lose sight of the ship.

All disorders caused by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

Mother's Advice

Daughter Followed It and Regained Her Health

Suffered Agony With Pains in the Stomach—Hood's Cured.

The testimonials in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla are as worthy of confidence as though they came from your most trusted neighbor. They are written by honest people who are grateful for the cures accomplished by this wonderful medicine. Read this statement:

"I was afflicted with severe pains in my stomach from which I abided by my mother's advice and I am now healthy and strong. I never think of being without Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house. It is a great help to mothers while nursing. I have given it to my baby with satisfactory results. I cannot state all I would like of the many benefits I have known Hood's Sarsaparilla to give to other sufferers. I gladly recommend it." Mrs. JOHN LA PAGE, 240 Church St., Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is sold by druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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BORDEN'S Peerless Brand EVAPORATED CREAM
UNSWEETENED
The high reputation for keeping quality is already well established; hence no experiment.

NEW YORK CONDENSED MILK CO.

CREAMERIES BUTTER FACTORIES, LARD PACKERS

are now universally using

EDDY'S ANTISEPTIC FIBREWARE

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More than one way. Our work always gives satisfaction.

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PIANO VIRTUOSO

Is prepared to receive Canadian and American pupils, 25 Grand St., or Prof. Martin Krause, 26 Brandenwerk Strasse.

Corby's Rye Whiskey.
In Bond and Duty Paid...
TURNER, BEETON & CO.

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DON'T GO To Klondike Without an

ALBION STOVE

Folding Deflecting Stoves Strong Sheet Steel Stoves that are made to last... Combination Cooking and Heating Stoves of Special Design.....

[Each Stove Has Pipe and a Bake Pan Packed Inside]

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Limited Liability

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